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    ENGROSSED SENATE
    BILL NO. 1457
                                         By: Treat, Rosino, and Weaver
                                              of the Senate
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                                                     and
                                              Kannady of the House
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            [ workers' compensation - mental-health related
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            injuries - benefits - insurance coverage - payment -
            effective date |
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    BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
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        SECTION 1.
                       AMENDATORY
                                       85A O.S. 2021, Section 13, is
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    amended to read as follows:
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        Section 13. A. 1. A mental injury or illness is not a
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    compensable injury unless caused by a physical injury to the
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    employee, and shall not be considered an injury arising out of and
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    in the course and scope of employment or compensable unless
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    demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence; provided, however,
    that this physical injury limitation shall not apply to any victim
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    of a crime of violence, a law enforcement officer, paid or volunteer
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    firefighter, or emergency medical technician employed on a full-time
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    basis by a municipality, county, or this state, or a voluntary
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    firefighter who suffers post-traumatic stress disorder, as defined
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    in subsection E of this section, while responding to an emergency.
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- For the purposes of this section, such employee shall be referred to as a first responder.
- 2. No mental injury or illness under this section shall be compensable unless it is also diagnosed by a licensed psychiatrist or psychologist and unless the diagnosis of the condition meets the criteria established in the most current issue of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
- B. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act the 8 9 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act, where a claim is for mental injury or illness, the employee shall be limited to twenty-10 six (26) weeks of disability benefits unless it is shown by clear 11 and convincing evidence that benefits should continue for a set 12 13 period of time, not to exceed a total of fifty-two (52) weeks. the treating physician is of the opinion that the first responder is 14 temporarily unable to perform his or her job or any alternative work 15 offered by the employer, he or she shall be entitled to receive 16 17 compensation which is the greater of the weekly benefit provided for in a collective bargaining agreement or according to the policy of 18 the employer, or seventy percent (70%) of the injured employee's 19 20 average weekly wage not to exceed the state average weekly wage. If the employee has a temporary pension benefit available at no 21 additional cost to the employee and the benefit is equal to or 22 greater than the temporary award in this system, the employer may 23

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elect to exercise the temporary pension benefit. In no event shall disability benefits extend beyond fifty-two (52) weeks.

- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a first responder who receives benefits provided herein for a mental injury or illness not accompanied by a physical injury who, after reaching maximum medical improvement, is unable to perform the essential functions of his or her employment position and who is not eligible to receive a disability retirement through his or her pension or retirement system shall be eligible to be awarded permanent disability benefits not to exceed Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) as provided for in this act.
  - 3. In cases where death results directly from the mental injury or illness within a period of one (1) year, compensation shall be paid to the dependents as provided in other death cases under this act the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.
    - b. Death directly or indirectly related to the mental injury or illness occurring one (1) year or more from the incident resulting in the mental injury or illness shall not be a compensable injury.
- C. 1. In the event that the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation

  Commission finds that a first responder has suffered post-traumatic

  stress disorder not accompanied by a physical injury, the employer

  shall provide reasonable and necessary medical treatment for such

- 1 injury, subject to the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission's
  2 Fee Schedule, for a period not longer than one (1) year. The
- 3 employer shall not be responsible for medical treatment in the form
- 4 of prescription medicine in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars
- 5 (\$10,000.00).
- 2. During any period in which a first responder is temporarily
  unable to perform his or her job, the employer shall pay to maintain
  health insurance coverage for the first responder, if such health
  insurance was in effect on the date of the injury.
- D. For the purposes of this section, claim payments for volunteer firefighters shall be paid pursuant to the Volunteer Firefighter Group Insurance Pool.
- E. For the purposes of this section:
  - 1. "Post-traumatic stress disorder" means an injury or condition in which a first responder has been exposed to a traumatic event and:
    - a. has experienced, witnessed, or was confronted with an event that involved actual or threatened death or serious injury, or a threat to the physical integrity of others, and the response involved fear, helplessness, or horror,
    - b. the traumatic event is persistently re-experienced in one or more of the following ways:

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1		(1)	recurrent and intrusive distressing recollections
2			of the event,
3		(2)	recurrent distressing dreams,
4		(3)	acting or feeling as if the traumatic event were
5			recurring,
6		(4)	intense psychological distress at exposure to
7			cues that symbolize an aspect of the traumatic
8			event, or
9		(5)	physiological reactivity on exposure to cues that
10			symbolize an aspect of the traumatic event,
11	<u>C.</u>	pers	istent avoidance of stimuli associated with the
12		trau	ma and numbing of general responsiveness such as
13		effc	erts to avoid thoughts, feelings, or conversations
14		asso	ciated with the trauma, markedly diminished
15		inte	erest or participation in significant activities,
16		or a	feeling of detachment or estrangement from
17		othe	ers,
18	<u>d.</u>	pers	sistent symptoms of increased arousal such as
19		diff	iculty falling or staying asleep, irritability or
20		outb	oursts of anger, difficulty concentrating, or
21		hype	ervigilance,
22	<u>e.</u>	the	duration of the disturbance is more than one (1)
23		mont	th, and
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1	f. the disturbance causes clinically significant distress
2	or impairment in social, occupational, or other
3	important areas of functioning;
4	2. "Volunteer firefighter" means a person who is enrolled as a
5	member of a volunteer fire department with two or less salaried
6	firefighters and who serves in such capacity without receiving a
7	regular salary; and
8	3. "Emergency medical technician" means a person who holds a
9	license as an emergency medical technician, an intermediate or
10	advanced emergency medical technician, or a paramedic, issued by the
11	State Department of Health to perform emergency medical services in
12	accordance with the Oklahoma Emergency Response Systems Development
13	Act and the rules and standards promulgated by the State
14	Commissioner of Health.
15	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective January 1, 2025.
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1	Passed the Senate the 11th day of March, 2024.
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4	Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
6	2024.
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9	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
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